# REPUBLIQUE TUNISIENNE MINISTERE DE L'EDUCATION ET DE LA FORMATION

EXAMEN DU BACCALAUREAT SESSION DE JUIN 2006

# SESSION DE CONTROLE

SECTIONS: MATH. + SC.EXP. + TECH.

EPREUVE : ANGLAIS

DUREE: 2 heures COEFFICIENT: 1

# On the Shoulders of a Giant

- 1. Little boys dream big. By the time Dikembe Mutombo turned 9, he knew he wanted to be a doctor. He would work hard, study abroad and return to Congo to help his countrymen. Then, the son of a schoolmaster grew up. And up. And up to 2.2 meters. Mutombo naturally spent plenty of time on the basketball court as a youth. However, he arrived at Georgetown University on an academic scholarship and instructions from his father to return home with an education. He disobeyed. During Mutombo's second year at college, legendary coach John Thompson asked him to play basketball and launched the career of the big man described by National Basketball Association coaches and teammates as a determined player with an "excellent touch".
- 2. For all those qualities, Mutombo, 36, the star center for the New Jersey Nets and four-time NBA Defensive Player of the Year, now needs just six-and-a-half seconds on court to earn the \$450 his father used to make a year. And he is using his fouryear \$68 million contract to do what his inner doctor would do: he is helping to heal his war-torn homeland.
- 3. The aid Mutombo gives out comes in all different forms. To two nieces and two nephews, Mutombo offered a home and the opportunity to be educated in the USA. For Congo's national women's basketball team, he provided equipment and funding for their trip to the 1996 Atlanta Olympics. To Special Olympians, he has donated his time and energy for clinics and workshops. And in his hometown, Kinshasa, he is building a \$14.5 million hospital. Mutombo believes that God has given him this opportunity to do great things for his country, especially in health care.
- 4. At one fundraiser for the hospital, Mutombo quoted a modern African proverb: "When you take the elevator up to reach the top, please don't forget to send it back down, so that someone else can take <u>it</u> to the top", he said . "This is my way of sending the elevator down".

TIME, April 28,2003

# I - READING COMPREHENSION (14 marks)

1- Fill in the table with information about Mutombo ( 5 marks )

Age	Height	Basketball team	Income	Duration of contract					

2- Tick the option that best	completes each sentence. (6	6 marks)								
a. The writer refers to Mur hard-working	a. The writer refers to Mutombo as "a giant", in the title,  hard-working well-educated									
<ul><li>b. Mutombo started playir</li><li>Congo</li></ul>	ng basketball in America	☐ Britain								
c. Mutombo went to Ame	rica to study medicine	raise funds								
d. According to the text, Mu	itombo's country suffers from	floods								
e. Mutombo is helping only with money	just with equipment	with everything he could								
f. "When you take the eleval approximately means: you	ator up to reach the top, please do ou should be	on't forget to send it back down"								
careful	helpful	wonderful								
3- What do the underlined words in the text refer to? ( 2 marks )  a: "the big man" (paragraph 1) refers to  b. "it" (paragraph 4) refers to										
4- If you were Mutombo , w	hat else could you do to help	p your country? (1 mark)								

### - LANGUAGE (16 marks)

# 1 - Fill in the blanks with 8 words from the box below. (4 marks)

which / needs / Unemp	loyed / before	/ in / wider .	/ advertising /	/ influence /	Rich /	/ narrow
-----------------------	----------------	----------------	-----------------	---------------	--------	----------

The Internet has brought deep changes in communication. Networks
business practices in marketing, and hiring. Consumers are reporting their
directly to companies and they are sending suggestions fo
changes product design workers are turning to electronic
employment services, list job requirements in a far geographic area
than was possible the Internet.

### 2 - Circle the right alternative. (4 marks)

Fashion forms a key part of many important industries, especially those involving design, such as cars, computer printers and clothing. In the world ( for / of / with ) machines, changes in design often accompany ( manual / technical / numerical ) improvements.

However, new design in clothing is more commonly ( motivate / motivated / motivating ) by fashion. Differences in climate and the tendency to equate each new year with a new look ( offer / afford / provide ) textile companies with frequent opportunities to renew their sales.

These marketing opportunities are often ( realised / hampered / defined ) by associating products with people. Fashion models are (strongly / highly / equally) paid to provide appropriate images of (well / good / bad) health, comfortable lifestyles, (successful / success / succeed) and beauty.

# 3 - Supply the right form or tense of the bracketed words. ( 4 marks )

Science is no longer presented as Physics or Chemistry to be learnt by heart, but as a
practical discipline requiring communication skills and the application of ( know )
and understanding. Pupils now have to behave like ( science )
in and outside the classroom. They learn how ( communicate )
whether working alone or contributing to a group effort. They learn
research skills such as the use of ( refer ) materials. They practise
gathering and organising information from ( differ ) sources. They develop

the (able)	)		to ı	record	and report	as w	ell as to	transl	ate	informati	on	
from one form to another ( suit ) a particular audience or purpose.												
		computers										
to use spreadsheets and databases for collecting and presenting												
information												

4 – Match the sentence parts in column A with their corresponding completions in column B. The parts in A are in the correct order. There is an extra sentence part in B. (4 marks)

	Α		В
1.	Giving up tea or coffee can make	a.	to physical dependence.
2.	The effects of caffeine withdrawal are so	b.	feel awake in the morning.
	serious	C.	of the unpleasant withdrawal symptoms.
3.	Symptoms can include	d.	that it can become a psychological disorder.
4.	Consuming as little as one cup of	e.	but symptoms will persist for nine days.
	filter coffee can lead	f.	to make you an addict.
5.	People say caffeine makes them	g.	headaches, depression, and even flu-like problems.
6.	However, they are not aware	h.	you mentally ill.
7.	The worst suffering will be finished after	i.	included as a mental disorder.
	two days		
8.	Scientists want caffeine withdrawal to be		

Answers	1 +	2 +	3 +	4 +	5 +	6 +	7 +	8 +
The state of the s			•					

# III - WRITING (10 marks)

#### Task 1

Six mistakes are underlined and numbered in the paragraph below. Correct them in the space provided. (3 marks)

Asthma could be eased with the simple sniff of a lemon, scientists <sup>©</sup>claim yesterday. A study found that rats' symptoms vanished after <sup>©</sup>it inhaled lemonese, the chemical which gives lemons <sup>®</sup>there smell. It's hoped the link could trigger new <sup>®</sup>treatements for asthma, a lung <sup>®</sup>complain which kills 1,400 a year in Britain and affects more than <sup>®</sup>2.6 millions sufferers everyday.

	Correction																								
1) 2) 3) 4) 5)		,	,		,	,	,	,		,		,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,		,	,	,
2)				,					,				,	,	,			,	,			,	,	,	,
3)				,											,				,	,			,	,	
4)																									
5)															•				,						
6)	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,		,		,	,		,		٠	,						

#### Task 2

Write a 12-line newspaper article recommending the integration of the handicapped into society [school, employment, sports]. Give examples to support your point of view. (7 marks)